

29 January 2026

Post-election report

Australasian Meat Industry Employees Union
Newcastle, Northern, South Australian and
Tasmanian Branch
Scheduled Election
E2025/69

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Summary

The AEC has recently completed an election for the Australasian Meat Industry Employees Union, Newcastle, Norther, South Australian and Tasmanian Branch.

Report requirements

After the completion of an election under the *Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Act 2009* (the Act) the AEC is required to prepare a post-election report. The report must cover the matters set out in section 141 of the Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Regulations 2009 (the Regulations). This includes:

- (a) a declaration of the results
- (b) any rules of the organisation or branch which because of ambiguity or other reason, were difficult to interpret or apply
- (c) any matters in relation to the roll of voters
- (d) the number of written allegations (if any) of irregularities made to the AEC during the election
- (e) action taken by the AEC in relation to those allegations
- (f) any other irregularities identified by the AEC and action taken by the AEC in relation to those other irregularities.

The AEC is required to identify adverse rules in the report. An adverse rule is one that the returning officer found difficult to interpret or apply to the election. The organisation must respond in writing to the AEC to any adverse rules within 30 days of the date of this post-election report.

Report findings

The AEC has identified some rules that were difficult to interpret or apply

The AEC has also identified some rules that could be improved by reference to the model rules. Model rules for elections were published on 30 June 2025 by the Fair Work Commission. The AEC recommends all organisations consider whether their rules could be improved or updated by reference to those rules.

Election covered in post-election report

Organisation:	Australasian Meat Industry Employees Union – Newcastle, Northern, South Australian and Tasmanian Branch
Election decision no:	E2025/69
Election:	Scheduled
Date the nominations closed:	8 January 2026
Date results declared:	14 January 2026
Date report due:	6 February 2026
Date organisation response due:	28 February 2026

Declaration of result of election

In accordance with regulation 140 of the Regulations, the AEC issued a declaration of the result of election E2025/69 on 14 January 2026. For a copy, see Attachment A.

Australasian Meat Industry Employees Union rules

Australasian Meat Industry Employees Union rules used for the election:

[007V: Incorporates alterations of 5 August 2024 [R2024/71]]

Rules that were difficult to interpret or apply:

The following difficult rules were identified and the AEC requests the rules be updated using the model rules published by the Fair Work Commission (available at <https://www.fwc.gov.au/registered-organisations/running-registered-organisation/rules-unions-and-employer-associations>)

Under section 198 of the Act, the organisation must respond to the AEC on these matters in writing within 30 days. The organisation must otherwise satisfy the requirements outlined in section 198 and regulation 142(1), as extracted in Appendix A below. The AEC must advise the General Manager of the Fair Work Commission of a possible contravention of section 198(1) of the Act not later than 21 days after the AEC has become aware of the possible contravention.

DIFFICULT RULE	WHY IT IS DIFFICULT	MODEL RULE
<i>Rule 50.22</i> states the Returning Officer shall ensure that all ballot papers, envelopes, lists and other documents used in connection with, or relevant to, an election are preserved and kept at the Branch office of the Union for a period of one year after the completion of the election.	For practical and security purposes, the storage of all the ballot material and relevant documents used in the election should be in the AEC's custody for a period of not less than 12 months.	There is no Model Rule addressing custody of ballot papers post-election. Refer to <i>Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Act 2009 s199(1)</i> . In spite of anything in the rules of an organisation or a branch of an organisation, where an election for an office in the organisation or branch is conducted by the AEC, the organisation or branch, and every officer and employee of the organisation or branch who is able to do so, and the AEC, must take such steps as are necessary to ensure that all ballot papers, envelopes, lists and other documents relevant to the election are preserved and kept by the AEC for one year after the completion of the election.
<i>Rule 50.12</i> states that the Returning Officer shall within twenty-one (21) days of the close of nominations forward or cause to be forwarded, by posting by prepaid post to each member eligible to vote at the address shown on the roll, a ballot paper or papers.	This rule does not provide sufficient time for the Returning Officer to finalise nominations and undertake necessary ballot preparations.	<i>Model rule BC11.1</i> The postal ballot shall open not later than twenty-eight (28) days after the close of nominations.

DIFFICULT RULE	WHY IT IS DIFFICULT	MODEL RULE
<i>Rule 50.14</i> states the close of ballot which shall be thirty-five (35) days after the date set for the closing of nominations.	35 days between closing of nominations and close of the ballot does not provide sufficient time to complete the necessary steps. Including, rectifying any nominations with defects, producing and printing the ballot paper, and allowing time for the return of postal votes.	<i>Model rule BC11.3</i> The postal ballot shall close at least twenty-eight (28) days after the opening of the ballot.

Rules that could be improved with a model rule

In conducting the election, the AEC identified the following rules that could be improved to support how the election is administered. The rules could be updated using the model rules published by the Fair Work Commission (available at <https://www.fwc.gov.au/registered-organisations/running-registered-organisation/rules-unions-and-employer-associations>)

The organisation does not need to respond to the following suggestions (i.e. section 198 of the Act does not apply), but is welcome to do so and is encouraged to consider when these suggestions reviewing its rule book.

RULE	OPPORTUNITIES TO IMPROVE	MODEL RULE
<p><i>Rule 50.32</i> states that no person shall be entitled in an election held under this rule to nominate for any two of the following positions: Secretary, Assistant Secretary and Organiser.</p> <p><i>Rule 50.20</i> provides that if the candidate shall have received a majority of votes or shall have been declared as the only nominee in respect of more than one Office, the Returning Officer shall declare such candidate elected to the most important Office in the order of importance selected by the successful candidate, and then proceed to declare (or if necessary conduct and declare) the election of the less important Office or Offices as if such candidate had not been nominated or received votes in respect thereof in accordance with these rules. For the purpose of this rule the order of Office shall be as follows:</p> <p>Branch Secretary, Assistant Branch Secretary, Organiser, Branch President, Branch Vice-President, Branch Treasurer, Branch Committee of Management.</p>	<p>Whilst the AMIEU rules identify restrictions on nomination for some positions under rule 50.32, they do not provide any specific details on multiple nominations or nominations withdrawal.</p> <p>Rule 50.20 is unclear in the wording 'order of importance elected by the successful candidate', as there is a defined hierarchy order of office that follows.</p> <p>The rules could be improved with clear direction on nomination for multiple offices, defined hierarchy and a suitable withdrawal period either prior to or after the close of nominations.</p>	Refer to model rules BC4 and BC7

Roll of voters

The AEC did not identify any issues with the roll of voters

Written allegations of any irregularities

The AEC did not receive any written allegations of any irregularities for this election.

Other irregularities

The AEC did not identify any other irregularities for this election.

Signed
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29/01/2026

Attachments

A. Declaration of results for uncontested offices

Appendix A - Relevant legal provisions

Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Act 2009 ('the Act')

197 Postelection report by AEC

Requirement for AEC to make report

- (1) After the completion of an election conducted under this Part by the AEC, the AEC must give a written report on the conduct of the election to:
 - (a) the General Manager; and
 - (b) the organisation or branch for whom the election was conducted.

Note: The AEC may be able, in the same report, to report on more than one election it has conducted for an organisation. However, regulations made under paragraph 359(2)(c) may impose requirements about the manner and timing of reports.

- (2) The report must include details of the prescribed matters.

Contents of report—register of members

- (3) If the AEC is of the opinion that the register of members, or the part of the register, made available to the AEC for the purposes of the election contained, at the time of the election:
 - (a) an unusually large proportion of members' addresses that were not current; or
 - (b) in the case of a register kept by an organisation of employees—an unusually large proportion of members' addresses that were workplace addresses;

this fact must be included in the report, together with a reference to any relevant model rules which, in the opinion of the AEC, could assist the organisation or branch to address this matter.

Note: Model rules are relevant only to the conduct of elections for office, not for elections for other positions (see section 147).

Contents of report—difficult rules

- (4) If the report identifies a rule of the organisation or branch that, in the AEC's opinion, was difficult to interpret or apply in relation to the conduct of the election, the report must also refer to any relevant model rules, which in the opinion of the AEC, could assist the organisation or branch to address this matter.

Note: For model rules, see section 147.

Subsection (3) relevant only for postal ballots

- (5) Subsection (3) applies only in relation to elections conducted by postal ballot.

Note: An organisation can obtain an exemption from the requirement to hold elections for office by postal ballot (see section 144).

198 Organisation to respond to adverse report on rules

Organisation must respond to "difficult rules" report

- (1) If an organisation or branch is given a postelection report under section 197 that identifies a rule that was difficult to interpret or apply, the organisation or branch must, within 30 days, give a written response to the AEC on that aspect of the report.

Civil penalty: 100 penalty units.

- (2) The response must specify whether the organisation or branch intends to take any action in relation to the rule, and if so, what action it intends to take.

Organisation must make its response available to members

- (3) The organisation or branch must also make available to its members the part of the report dealing with the difficult rule or rules (the **relevant extract**) and the organisation's or branch's response to it.
- (4) The relevant extract must be made available to members no later than the day on which the response is to be made available by the organisation or branch to members.

Civil penalty: 100 penalty units.

190 Organisation or branch must not assist one candidate over another

An organisation or branch commits an offence if it uses, or allows to be used, its property or resources to help a candidate against another candidate in an election under this Part for an office or other position.

Penalty: 100 penalty units.

193 Provisions applicable to elections conducted by AEC

- (1) If an electoral official is conducting an election, or taking a step in relation to an election, for an office or other position in an organisation, or branch of an organisation, the electoral official:
- (a) subject to paragraph (b), must comply with the rules of the organisation or branch; and
 - (b) may, in spite of anything in the rules of the organisation or branch, take such action, and give such directions, as the electoral official considers necessary:
 - (i) to ensure that no irregularities occur in or in relation to the election; or
 - (ii) to remedy any procedural defects that appear to the electoral official to exist in the rules; or
 - (iii) to ensure the security of ballot papers and envelopes that are for use, or used, in the election.
- (2) A person commits an offence if the person does not comply with a direction under subsection (1).
- Penalty: 30 penalty units.
- (3) Subsection (2) does not apply so far as the person is not capable of complying.
- Note: A defendant bears an evidential burden in relation to the matter in subsection (3) (see subsection 13.3(3) of the *Criminal Code*).
- (4) Subsection (2) does not apply if the person has a reasonable excuse.
- Note: A defendant bears an evidential burden in relation to the matter mentioned in subsection (4), see subsection 13.3(3) of the *Criminal Code*.
- (5) An offence against subsection (2) is an offence of strict liability.
- Note: For **strict liability**, see section 6.1 of the *Criminal Code*.
- (6) An election for an office or other position conducted by an electoral official, or step taken in relation to such an election, is not invalid merely because of a breach of the rules of the organisation or branch because of:
- (a) action taken under subsection (1); or
 - (b) an act done in compliance with a direction under subsection (1).
- (7) If an electoral official conducting, or taking a step in connection with, an election for an office or other position:
- (a) dies or becomes unable to complete the conduct of the election or the taking of the step; or
 - (b) ceases to be qualified to conduct the election or to take the step;
- the Electoral Commissioner must arrange for the completion of the conduct of the election, or the taking of the step, by another electoral official.

6 Definitions

irregularity, in relation to an election or ballot, includes:

- (a) a breach of the rules of an organisation or branch of an organisation; and
- (b) an act or omission by means of which:

- (i) the full and free recording of votes by all persons entitled to record votes and by no other persons; or
- (ii) a correct ascertainment or declaration of the results of the voting; is, or is attempted to be, prevented or hindered; and
- (c) a contravention of section 190.

Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Regulations 2009 ('the Regulations')

140 Declaration of result of election (s 193)

- (1) Within 14 days after the closing day of an election, the AEC must issue a declaration stating the following:
 - (a) the total number of persons on the roll of voters;
 - (b) the total number of ballot papers issued (if applicable);
 - (c) the total number of envelopes that were returned undelivered by the closing day of the ballot to the AEC (if applicable);
 - (d) the total number of ballot papers received by the electoral official by the closing day of the ballot (if applicable);
 - (e) the result of the election;
 - (f) the total number of informal ballot papers (if applicable).
- (2) In subregulation (1), ***closing day***, for an election, means:
 - (a) if a ballot is not required—the day on which nominations for the election close; or
 - (b) if a ballot is required—the closing day of the ballot.
- (3) Immediately after issuing a declaration under subregulation (1), the AEC must give a copy of the declaration to:
 - (a) the General Manager; and
 - (b) the organisation or branch for whom the election was conducted.

141 Postelection report by AEC (s 197(2))

- (1) For subsection 197(2) of the Act, the following matters are prescribed for inclusion in the report (the ***postelection report***) given under subsection 197(1) of the Act:
 - (a) the declaration mentioned in regulation 140;
 - (b) any rules of the organisation or branch which because of ambiguity or other reason, were difficult to interpret or apply;
 - (c) any matters in relation to the roll of voters including those matters contained in subsection 197(3) of the Act;
 - (d) the number of written allegations (if any) of irregularities made to the AEC during the election;
 - (e) action taken by the AEC in relation to those allegations;
 - (f) any other irregularities identified by the AEC and action taken by the AEC in relation to those other irregularities.
- (2) The AEC must:
 - (a) give the postelection report within 30 days after the closing day of the election; and
 - (b) publish a notice on its web site advising that a copy of the postelection report can be obtained from the AEC on the request of a member who was eligible to vote in the election.
- (3) The AEC must supply a copy of the postelection report to the member as soon as practicable, but no later than 7 days, after receiving a request under paragraph (2)(b).

142 Adverse report on rules (s 198)

- (1) The AEC must advise the General Manager of a possible contravention of subsection 198(1) of the Act not later than 21 days after the AEC has become aware of the possible contravention.
- (2) For paragraph 198(6)(c) of the Act, in addition to the matters specified in subsection 198(6) of the Act, an organisation or branch must meet the following requirements if the organisation or branch has a web site:

- (a) the organisation or branch must publish a copy of the relevant extract of the report on its web site within 14 days after receiving the post-election report;
- (b) the organisation or branch must publish the written response given under subsection 198(1) on its web site within 14 days after giving the response to the AEC.

145 Elections conducted by AEC—no unauthorised action

- (1) For any election conducted by the AEC under Part 2 of Chapter 7 of the Act, a person other than the person conducting the election must not do, or purport to do, any act in the conduct of the election other than as directed or authorised by the person conducting the election.

Note: This subregulation is a civil penalty provision (see regulation 168).

- (2) The AEC must advise the General Manager of a possible contravention of subregulation (1) not later than 21 days after the AEC has become aware of the possible contravention.