ABN 65 730 047 738

**FINANCIAL STATEMENTS** 

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

#### CONTENTS

 3
_

Page No

Committee of Management's Operating Report	3
Auditor's Independence Declaration	6
Committee of Management Statement	7
Independent Audit Report	8
Statement of Comprehensive Income	11
Statement of Financial Position	12
Statement of Changes in Equity	13
Statement of Cash Flows	
Report Required under Subsection 255(2A) of the Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Act 2009.	15
Notes to the Financial Statements	16
Officer's Declaration Statement	55

#### COMMITTEE OF MANAGEMENT'S OPERATING REPORT

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

#### **Operating Report**

In accordance with section 254 of the Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Act 2009 ("Act") the Committee of Management ("the Committee") presents its Operating Report on the Australasian Meat Industry Employees Union – Newcastle & Northern ("the Branch"), for the year ended 30 June 2021.

#### **Principal Activities**

The principal activity of the Australasian Meat Industry Employees Union – Newcastle & Northern Branch is to uphold the rights of organisation of labour and to improve, protect and foster the best interest of its members and to subscribe to and/ or co-operate with policy of improving the cultural and living standards of its members. The Branch maintains living standards of its members through enterprise bargaining and industrial representation on behalf its members.

#### **Operating Result**

The surplus for the financial year amounted to \$100,378.

#### Significant Changes in Financial Affairs

A review of the operations of the Branch during the financial year found that there was no significant change in the financial affairs of the Branch's operations during the year.

#### **After Balance Date Events**

No matters or circumstances have arisen since the end of the financial year which significantly affected or may significantly affect the operations of the Branch, the results of those operations or the state of affairs of the Branch in future financial years.

#### Members Right to Resign

A member may resign from the Branch by written notice addressed and delivered to the Secretary of the Branch in which membership is held.

### Officers or Members who are Superannuation Fund Trustees/ Directors of a Company that is a Superannuation Fund Trustee

No officers/ members or employees of the organisation are Directors of companies that are trustees of superannuation funds where a criterion for the officer of member being the trustee or director is that the officer or member is an officer or member of a registered organisation.

#### COMMITTEE OF MANAGEMENT'S OPERATING REPORT (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

#### Members of the Committee of Management

The name of each person who has been a member of the Committee of Management of the Branch at any time during the reporting period, and the period for which he or she held such a position is as follows:

Name	Period of Appointment	Position
Mark Cooke	01/07/20 - 30/06/21	Branch President
Scott Rosten	01/07/20 - 30/06/21	Branch Vice President
Leonie Gibson	01/07/20 30/06/21	Branch Treasurer
Justin Smith	01/07/20 - 30/06/21	Branch Secretary
Jason Roe	01/07/20 - 30/06/21	Branch Assistant Secretary
Matthew Turner	01/07/20 - 30/06/21	Committee Member
John Dawson	01/07/20 - 30/06/21	Committee Member
Jacob McDonald	01/07/20 - 30/06/21	Committee Member
Donald Morehouse	01/07/20 - 30/06/21	Committee Member
Adrian Van Haren	01/07/20 - 30/06/21	Committee Member
Kerry Rinkin	01/07/20 - 30/06/21	Committee Member
Angela Jordan	01/07/20 - 30/06/21	Committee Member
Patrick Elliott	01/07/20 - 30/06/21	Committee Member
Darrell Shelton	01/07/20 – 30/06/21	Committee Member

#### Membership of the Branch

Total number of members as at 30 June 2021: 2,966.

#### **Employees of the Branch**

The number of persons who were, at the end of the period to which the report relates, employees of the Branch, where the number of employees includes both full-time and part-time employees measured on a full-time equivalent basis is 6.85.

#### Wages Recovery Activity

The Branch continuously undertakes recovery of wages on behalf of members. It is Branch policy that any successful wage recovery from employers is paid directly to those effected members. As a result, no wage recovery activity is accounted through via the Branch's bank accounts and therefore not reflected in these financial statements.

#### COMMITTEE OF MANAGEMENT'S OPERATING REPORT (CONTINUED)

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

#### **Auditor's Independence Declaration**

A copy of the auditor's independence declaration is set out on page 6.

This report is made in accordance with a resolution of the Committee of Management and is signed for and on behalf of the Committee of Management by:

Justin Smith

**Branch Secretary** 

1 November 2021

Newcastle



accountants + auditors

Brisbane GPO Box 1087 Brisbane Qld 4001 Australia

Gold Coast GPO Box 1087 Brisbane Old 4001 Australia

Banyo PO Box 80 Banyo Qld 4014 Australia

# AUDITOR'S INDEPENDENCE DECLARATION TO THE COMMITTEE OF MANAGEMENT OF THE

e: info@mgisq.com.au w: www.mgisq.com.au t: +61 7 3002 4800

#### AUSTRALASIAN MEAT INDUSTRY EMPLOYEES UNION - NEWCASTLE & NORTHERN BRANCH

As lead auditor for the audit of the Australasian Meat Industry Employees Union – Newcastle & Northern Branch for the year ended 30 June 2021; I declare that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, there have been no contraventions of any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

MGI Audit Pty Ltd

G | Kent

Director - Audit & Assurance

Brisbane

1 November 2021

Registration number (as registered by the RO Commissioner under the RO Act): AA2017/2

#### **COMMITTEE OF MANAGEMENT STATEMENT**

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

On 1 November 2021, the Committee of Management of the Branch passed the following resolution to the General Purpose Financial statements (GPFR) of the reporting unit for the financial year ended 30 June 2021.

The Committee of Management declares in relation to the GPFR that in its opinion:

- (a) the financial statements and notes comply with the Australian Accounting Standards;
- (b) the financial statements and notes comply with any other requirements imposed by the Reporting Guidelines or Part 3 of Chapter 8 of the Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Act 2009 (the RO Act);
- (c) the financial statements and notes give a true and fair view of the financial performance, financial position and cash flows of the Branch for the financial year to which they relate;
- (d) there are reasonable grounds to believe that the Branch will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable; and
- (e) during the financial year to which the GPFR relates and since the end of that year:
- i. meetings of the Committee of Management were held in accordance with the rules of the organisation and the rules of the Branch concerned; and
- ii. the financial affairs of the Branch have been managed in accordance with the rules of the organisation, including the rules of the branch concerned; and
- the financial records of the Branch have been kept and maintained in accordance with the RO Act; and
- iv. where the organisation consists of two or more reporting units, the financial records of the reporting unit have been kept, as far as practicable, in a consistent manner to each of the other reporting units of the organisation; and
- v. where information has been sought in any request of a member of the reporting unit or Commissioner duly made under section 272 of the RO Act, that information has been provided to the member or Commissioner; and
- vi. where any order for inspection of financial records made by the Fair Work Commission under section 273 of the RO Act, there has been compliance.

This declaration is made in accordance with a resolution of the Committee of Management.

Name	of Designated	Officer:	Justin	Smith
Julio	OI DOSIGNACO		oustin	O1111

Title of Designated Officer: Branch Secretary

Signature:

Date: 1 November 2021



accountants + auditor

Brisban GPO Box 108 Brisbane Qld 4001 Australi

Gold Coas GPO Box 108 Brisbane Old 4001 Australi

Bany PO Box 8 Banyo Qld 4014 Australi

e: info@mgisq.com.a w: www.mgisq.com.a

t: +61 7 3002 480

# Independent Audit Report to the Members of the Australasian Meat Industry Employees Union – Newcastle & Northern Branch

#### Report on the Audit of the Financial Report

#### Opinion

We have audited the financial report of the Australasian Meat Industry Employees Union – Newcastle & Northern Branch (the Branch), which comprises the statement of financial position as at 30 June 2021, the statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity and statement of cash flows for the year ended, notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies; and the Committee of Management Statement, the subsection 255(2A) report and the Officer's Declaration Statement.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial report presents fairly, in all material aspects, the financial position of the Australasian Meat Industry Employees Union – Newcastle & Northern Branch as at 30 June 2021, and its financial performance and its cash flows for the year ended on that date in accordance with:

- a) the Australian Accounting Standards; and
- b) any other requirements imposed by the Reporting Guidelines or Part 3 of Chapter 8 of the Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Act 2009 (the RO Act).

We declare that management's use of the going concern basis in the preparation of the financial statements of the Branch is appropriate.

#### **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report* section of our report. We are independent of the Branch in accordance with the ethical requirements of the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board's APES 110 *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants* (the Code) that are relevant to our audit of the financial report in Australia. We have also fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### Information Other than the Financial Report and Auditor's Report Thereon

The Committee of Management is responsible for the other information. The other information obtained at the date of this auditor's report is in the Operating Report accompanying the financial report.

Our opinion on the financial report does not cover the other information and accordingly we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial report, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial report or my knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

#### Responsibilities of Committee of Management for the Financial Report

The Committee of Management of the Branch is responsible for the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the RO Act, and for such internal control as the Committee of Management determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view and is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial report, the Committee of Management is responsible for assessing the Branch's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Committee of Management either intend to liquidate the Branch or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report

Our objective is to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes my opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial report.

As part of an audit in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due to fraud or
  error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is
  sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion. The risk of not detecting a material
  misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve
  collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that
  are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
  effectiveness of the Branch's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Committee of Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the Committee of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Branch's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial report or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Branch to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial report, including the disclosures, and whether the financial report represents the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business
  activities within the Branch to express an opinion on the financial report. We are responsible for the
  direction, supervision and performance of the Branch's audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit
  opinion.

We communicate with the Committee of Management regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

#### Declaration

I declare that I am an approved auditor, a member of Chartered Accountants Australia and New Zealand and hold a current Public Practice Certificate.

I declare that I am an auditor registered under the RO Act.

**MGI Audit Pty Ltd** 

G I Kent

Director - Audit & Assurance

Brisbane

1 November 2021

Registration number (as registered by the RO Commissioner under the RO Act): AA2017/2

# AUSTRALASIAN MEAT INDUSTRY EMPLOYEES UNION – NEWCASTLE & NORTHERN BRANCH STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

		2021	2020
	Notes	\$	\$
Revenue from contracts with customers	3		
Membership subscriptions		1,303,277	1,462,752
Total revenue from contracts with customers		1,303,277	1,462,752
Other income			
Rental income	ЗА	32,787	24,332
Interest	3B	11,553	25,822
Other revenue	3C	40,555	74,550
Total other income		84,895	124,704
Total revenue		1,388,172	1,587,456
Expenses			
Employee expenses	4A	(689,626)	(848,350)
Capitation fees	4B	(84,693)	(89,927)
Affiliation fees	4C	(29,653)	(32,767)
Administration expenses	4D	(409,997)	(414,683)
Grants or donations	4E	(2,955)	(1,000)
Depreciation	4F	(33,193)	(36,644)
Legal costs	4G	(299)	(4,267)
Audit and accounting fees	13	(37,378)	(16,000)
Total expenses	_	(1,287,794)	(1,443,638)
Surplus for the year		100,378	143,818
Other comprehensive income			
Other Comprehensive income (net of income tax)			
<ul> <li>Gain on revaluation of property, plant and equipment</li> </ul>		241,974	-
Total comprehensive income for the year		342,352	143,818

# AUSTRALASIAN MEAT INDUSTRY EMPLOYEES UNION – NEWCASTLE & NORTHERN BRANCH STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 30 JUNE 2021

		2021	2020
	Notes	\$	\$
ASSETS			
Current Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	5A	1,700,368	1,564,162
Trade and other receivables	5B	66,088	73,388
Loans receivable	5C	15,000	15,000
Total current assets		1,781,456	1,652,550
Non-Current Assets			
Land and buildings	6A	1,725,193	1,490,347
Plant and equipment	6B	133,893	98,150
Total non-current assets		1,859,086	1,588,497
Total assets		3,640,542	3,241,047
LIABILITIES			
Current Liabilities			
Trade payables	7A	26,128	25,500
Other payables	7B	32,516	6,767
Employee provisions	8A	154,801	124,035
Total current liabilities		213,445	156,302
Non-Current Liabilities			
Employee provisions	8A	-	-
Total non-current liabilities			-
Total liabilities		213,445	156,302
Net assets		3,427,097	3,084,745
EQUITY			
Retained earnings		3,185,123	3,084,745
Reserves	9	241,974	_
	<del>-</del>		

# AUSTRALASIAN MEAT INDUSTRY EMPLOYEES UNION – NEWCASTLE & NORTHERN BRANCH STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

		Asset Revaluation Reserve	Retained earnings	Total equity
	Notes	\$	\$	\$
Balance as at 1 July 2019			2,940,927	2,940,927
Surplus for the year		-	143,818	143,818
Other comprehensive income		-	_	-
Closing balance as at 30 June 2020		-	3,084,745	3,084,745
Surplus for the year		_	100,378	100,378
Other comprehensive income		241,974		241,974
Closing balance as at 30 June 2021		241,974	3,185,123	3,427,097

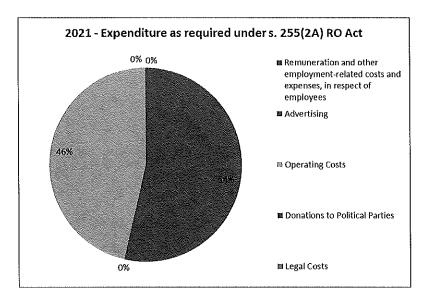
# AUSTRALASIAN MEAT INDUSTRY EMPLOYEES UNION – NEWCASTLE & NORTHERN BRANCH STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

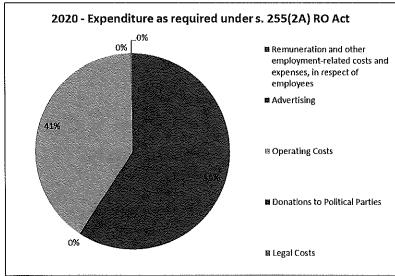
		2021	2020
	Notes	\$	\$
OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Cash received			
Receipts from members and other customers		1,515,640	1,726,593
Interest		11,553	35,669
	****	1,527,193	1,762,262
Cash used			
Employees and suppliers		(1,236,016)	(1,585,306)
Payment to other reporting units	10B	(93,163)	(105,181)
	<del></del>	(1,329,179)	(1,690,487)
Net cash provided by operating activities	10A	198,014	71,775
INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Payments for property, plant and equipment		(61,808)	(55,502)
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment		-	35,455
Net cash used in investing activities		(61,808)	(20,047)
FINANCING ACTIVITIES	<u></u>	34	<u> </u>
Net increase in cash held	-	136,206	51,728
Cash & cash equivalents at the beginning of the reporting period	=	1,564,162	1,512,434
Cash & cash equivalents at the end of the reporting period	4A	1,700,368	1,564,162
	===		

REPORT REQUIRED UNDER SUBSECTION 255(2A) OF THE FAIR WORK (REGISTERED ORGANISATIONS) ACT 2009

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

The Committee of Management presents the expenditure report as required under subsection 255(2A) of the Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Act 2009 on the Branch for the year ended 30 June 2021:





Justin Smith Branch Secretary

1 November 2021

Newcastle

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

#### Index to the Notes of the Financial Statements

Note 1	Summary of significant accounting policies
Note 2	Events after the reporting period
Note 3	Revenue and income
Note 4	Expenses
Note 5	Current assets
Note 6	Non-current assets
Note 7	Current liabilities
Note 8	Provisions
Note 9	Reserves
Note 10	Cash flow
Note 11	Contingent liabilities, assets and commitments
Note 12	Related party disclosures
Note 13	Remuneration of auditors
Note 14	Financial instruments
Note 15	Fair value measurements
Note 16	Section 272 Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Act 2009
Note 17	Branch details
Note 18	Segment information

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

#### Note 1 Summary of significant accounting policies

#### 1.1 Basis of preparation of the financial statements

The financial statements are general purpose financial statements and have been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and Interpretations issued by the Australian Accounting Standards Board (AASB) that apply for the reporting period, and the *Fair Work (Registered Organisation) Act 2009*. For the purpose of preparing the general purpose financial statements, the Australasian Meat Industry Employees Union – Newcastle & Northern Branch (the Branch) is a not-for-profit entity.

The financial statements have been prepared on an accrual basis and in accordance with the historical cost, except for certain assets and liabilities measured at fair value, as explained in the accounting policies below. Historical cost is generally based on the fair values of the consideration given in exchange for assets. Except where stated, no allowance is made for the effect of changing prices on the results or the financial position. The financial statements are presented in Australian dollars.

#### 1.2 Comparative amounts

When required by Accounting Standards, comparative figures have been adjusted to conform to changes in presentation for the current financial year.

#### 1.3 Significant accounting judgements and estimates

The following accounting assumptions or estimates have been identified that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next reporting period.

#### **Key Estimates**

#### Impairment – general

The Branch assesses impairment at each reporting period by evaluation of conditions and events specific to the Branch that may be indicative of impairment triggers. Recoverable amounts of relevant assets are assessed using value-in-use calculations which incorporate various key assumptions.

No impairment has been recognised in respect of the current year.

#### Key Judgements

#### Useful lives of plant and equipment

Plant and equipment are depreciated over the useful life of the asset and the depreciation rates are assessed when the asset are acquired or when there is a significant change that affects the remaining useful life of the asset.

#### Provision for impairment of receivables

The value of the provision for impairment of receivables is estimated by considering the ageing of receivables, communication with the debtors and prior history.

#### On-cost for employee entitlement provision

The Branch revised its estimate for on-costs for employee provision during the year to include superannuation, workers compensation and payroll tax.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

#### Note 1 Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

#### 1.4 New Australian Accounting Standards

#### Adoption of New Australian Accounting Standard and amendments

The accounting policies adopted are consistent with those of the previous financial year except for the following standards and amendments, which have been adopted for the first time this financial year.

- AASB 2018-7 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards Definition of Material
- AASB 2019-1 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards References to the Conceptual Framework

No accounting standard has been adopted earlier than the application date stated in the standard.

# Impact on adoption of AASB 2018-7 – Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards – Definition of Material

The amendments provide a new definition of material that states, "information is material if omitting, misstating or obscuring it could reasonably be expected to influence decisions that the primary users of general purpose financial statements make on the basis of those financial statements, which provide financial information about a specific reporting entity." The amendments clarify that materiality will depend on the nature or magnitude of information, either individually or in combination with other information, in the context of the financial statements. A misstatement of information is material if it could reasonably be expected to influence decisions made by the primary users.

These amendments had no impact on the financial statements of, nor is there expected to be any future impact to the Branch.

# Impact on adoption of AASB 2019-1 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards – References to the Conceptual Framework

The Conceptual Framework is not a standard, and none of the concepts contained therein override the concepts or requirements in any standard. The purpose of the Conceptual Framework is to assist the accounting standard setter in developing standards, to help preparers develop consistent accounting policies where there is no applicable standard in place and to assist all parties to understand and interpret the standards. This will affect those entities which developed their accounting policies based on the Conceptual Framework. The revised Conceptual Framework includes some new concepts, updated definitions and recognition criteria for assets and liabilities and clarifies some important concepts.

The amendments had no impact on the financial statements of the Branch.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

#### Note 1 Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

#### 1.4 New Australian Accounting Standards (Continued)

#### Future Australian Accounting Standards Requirements

New standards, amendments to standards or interpretations that were issued prior to the sign-off date and are applicable to future reporting periods that are expected to have a future financial impact on the Branch include:

# AASB 2020-1 - Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards - Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current

This Standard amends AASB 101 to clarify requirements for the presentation of liabilities in the statement of financial position as current or non-current. For example, the amendments clarify that a liability is classified as non-current if an entity has the right at the end of the reporting period to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the reporting period. This Standard applies to annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2023. Earlier application is permitted

The Branch does not expect the adoption of this amendment to have an impact on its financial statements

#### 1.5 Revenue

The Branch enters into various arrangements where it receives consideration from another party. These arrangements include consideration in the form of membership subscriptions, capitation fees, levies, grants, and donations.

The timing of recognition of these amounts as either revenue or income depends on the rights and obligations in those arrangements.

#### Revenue from contracts with customers

Where the Branch has a contract with a customer, the Branch recognises revenue when or as it transfers control of goods or services to the customer. The Branch accounts for an arrangement as a contract with a customer if the following criteria are met:

- · the arrangement is enforceable; and
- the arrangement contains promises (that are also known as performance obligations) to transfer goods or services to the customer (or to other parties on behalf of the customer) that are sufficiently specific so that it can be determined when the performance obligation has been satisfied.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

#### Note 1 Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

#### 1.5 Revenue (Continued)

#### Membership subscriptions

For membership subscription arrangements that meet the criteria to be contracts with customers, revenue is recognised when the promised goods or services transfer to the customer as a member of the Branch.

If there is only one distinct membership service promised in the arrangement, the Branch recognises revenue as the membership service is provided, which is typically based on the passage of time over the subscription period to reflect the Branch's promise to stand ready to provide assistance and support to the member as required.

If there is more than one distinct good or service promised in the membership subscription, the Branch allocates the transaction price to each performance obligation based on the relative standalone selling prices of each promised good or service. In performing this allocation, standalone selling prices are estimated if there is no observable evidence of the price that the Branch charges for that good or service in a standalone sale. When a performance obligation is satisfied, which is either when the customer obtains control of the good (for example, books or clothing) or as the service transfers to the customer (for example, member services or training course), the Branch recognises revenue at the amount of the transaction price that was allocated to that performance obligation.

For member subscriptions paid annually in advance, the Branch has elected to apply the practical expedient to not adjust the transaction price for the effects of a significant financing component because the period from when the customer pays and the good or services will transfer to the customer will be one year or less.

When a member subsequently purchases additional goods or services from the Branch at their standalone selling price, the Branch accounts for those sales as a separate contract with a customer.

#### Income of the Branch as a Not-for-Profit Entity

Consideration is received by the Branch to enable the entity to further its objectives. The Branch recognises each of these amounts of consideration as income when the consideration is received (which is when the Branch obtains control of the cash) because, based on the rights and obligations in each arrangement:

- the arrangements do not meet the criteria to be contracts with customers because either the
  arrangement is unenforceable or lacks sufficiently specific promises to transfer goods or
  services to the customer; and
- the Branch's recognition of the cash contribution does not give to any related liabilities.

During the year, the Branch received cash consideration from the following arrangements whereby that consideration will be recognised as income upon receipt:

- donations and voluntary contribution from members (including whip arounds); and
- government grants.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

#### Note 1 Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

#### 1.5 Revenue (Continued)

#### Income recognised from transfers

Where, as part of an enforceable agreement, the Branch receives consideration to acquire or construct a non-financial asset such as property, plant and equipment to an identified specification and for the Branch's own use, a liability is recognised for the obligation to acquire or construct the asset. Income is recognised as the obligation to acquire or construct the asset is satisfied, which is typically over time. The asset that is being acquired or constructed is recognised in accordance with the policy on property, plant and equipment.

#### Gains from sale of assets

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal (which is at the date the recipient obtains control) or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of the asset (calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset) is included in the statement of profit or loss when the asset is derecognised.

#### Interest income

Interest revenue is recognised on an accrual basis using the effective interest method.

#### Rental income

Leases in which the Branch as a lessor, does not transfer substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an asset are classified as operating leases. Rental income arising is accounted for on a straight-line basis over the relevant lease term. Initial direct costs incurred in negotiating and arranging an operating lease are added to the carrying amount of the leased asset and recognised over the lease term on the same basis as rental income. Contingent rents are recognised as revenue in the period in which they are earned.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

#### Note 1 Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

#### 1.6 Employee benefits

A liability is recognised for benefits accruing to employees in respect of wages and salaries, annual leave, long service leave and termination benefits when it is probable that settlement will be required and they are capable of being measured reliably.

Liabilities for short-term employee benefits (as defined in AASB 119 *Employee Benefits*) and termination benefits which are expected to be settled within twelve months of the end of reporting period are measured at their nominal amounts. The nominal amount is calculated with regard to the rates expected to be paid on settlement of the liability.

Other long-term employee benefits which are expected to be settled beyond twelve months are measured as the present value of the estimated future cash outflows to be made by the reporting unit in respect of services provided by employees up to reporting date.

Payments to defined contribution retirement benefit plans are recognised as an expense when employees have rendered service entitling them to the contributions.

Provision is made for separation and redundancy benefit payments. The reporting unit recognises a provision for termination as part of a broader restructuring when it has developed a detailed formal plan for the terminations and has informed those employees affected that it will carry out the terminations. A provision for voluntary termination is recognised when the employee has accepted the offer of termination.

#### 1.7 Cash

Cash is recognised at its nominal amount. Cash and cash equivalents includes cash on hand, deposits held at call with bank, other short-term highly liquid investments with original maturity of 3 months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and subject to insignificant risk of changes in value and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within short-term borrowings in current liabilities on the statement of financial position.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

#### Note 1 Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

#### 1.8 Leases

For any leases entered into on or after 1 July 2020, the Branch considers whether a contract is, or contains a lease. A lease is defined as 'a contract, or part of a contract, that conveys the right to use an asset (the underlying asset) for a period of time in exchange for consideration'.

To apply this definition the Branch assesses whether the contract meets three key evaluations which are whether:

- The contract contains an identified asset, which is either explicitly identified in the contract or implicitly specified by being identified at the time the asset is made available to the Branch;
- The Branch has the right to obtain substantially all of the economic benefits from use of the identified asset throughout the period of use, considering its rights within the defined scope of the contract;
- The Branch has the right to direct the use of the identified asset throughout the period of use.
- The Branch assess whether it has the right to direct 'how and for what purpose' the asset is used throughout the period of use.

#### Measurement and recognition of leases as a lessee

At lease commencement date, the Branch recognises a right-of-use asset and a lease liability on the balance sheet. The right-of-use asset is measured at cost, which is made up of the initial measurement of the lease liability, any initial direct costs incurred by the Branch, an estimate of any costs to dismantle and remove the asset at the end of the lease, and any lease payments made in advance of the lease commencement date (net of any incentives received).

The Branch depreciates the right-of-use assets on a straight-line basis from the lease commencement date to the earlier of the end of the useful life of the right-of-use asset or the end of the lease term. The Branch also assesses the right-of-use asset for impairment when such indicators exist. At the commencement date, the Branch measures the lease liability at the present value of the lease payments unpaid at that date, discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease if that rate is readily available or the Branch's incremental borrowing rate.

Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability are made up of fixed payments (including in substance fixed), variable payments based on an index or rate, amounts expected to be payable under a residual value guarantee and payments arising from options reasonably certain to be exercised.

Subsequent to initial measurement, the liability will be reduced for payments made and increased for interest. It is remeasured to reflect any reassessment or modification, or if there are changes in insubstance fixed payments. When the lease liability is remeasured, the corresponding adjustment is reflected in the right-of-use asset, or profit and loss if the right-of-use asset is already reduced to zero.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

#### Note 1 Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

#### 1.8 Leases (continued)

The Branch has elected to account for short-term leases and leases of low-value assets using the practical expedients. Instead of recognising a right-of-use asset and lease liability, the payments in relation to these are recognised as an expense in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the lease term. On the statement of financial position, right-of-use assets have been included in property, plant and equipment and lease liabilities have been included in trade and other payables.

#### 1.9 Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the Branch becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

#### 1.10 Financial assets

#### Contract assets and receivables

A contract asset is recognised when the Branch's right to consideration in exchange goods or services that has transferred to the customer when that right is conditioned on the Branch's future performance or some other condition.

A receivable is recognised if an amount of consideration that is unconditional is due from the customer (i.e., only the passage of time is required before payment of the consideration is due).

Contract assets and receivables are subject to impairment assessment. Refer to accounting policies on impairment of financial assets below.

#### Initial recognition and Measurement

Financial assets are classified, at initial recognition, and subsequently measured at amortised cost, fair value through other comprehensive income (OCI), or fair value through profit or loss.

The classification of financial assets at initial recognition depends on the financial asset's contractual cash flow characteristics and the Branch's business model for managing them. With the exception of trade receivables that do not contain a significant financing component, the Branch initially measures a financial asset at its fair value plus, in the case of a financial asset not at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs.

In order for a financial asset to be classified and measured at amortised cost or fair value through OCI, it needs to give rise to cash flows that are 'solely payments of principal and interest' (SPPI) on the principal amount outstanding. This assessment is referred to as the SPPI test and is performed at an instrument level.

The Branch's business model for managing financial assets refers to how it manages its financial assets in order to generate cash flows. The business model determines whether cash flows will result from collecting contractual cash flows, selling the financial assets, or both.

Purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within a time frame established by regulation or convention in the market place (regular way trades) are recognised on the trade date, i.e., the date that the Branch commits to purchase or sell the asset.

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

#### Note 1 Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

#### 1.10 Financial assets (Continued)

Subsequent measurement

For purposes of subsequent measurement, financial assets are classified in five categories:

- (Other) financial assets at amortised cost
- (Other) financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income
- Investments in equity instruments designated at fair value through other comprehensive income
- (Other) financial assets at fair value through profit or loss
- · (Other) financial assets designated at fair value through profit or loss

#### Financial assets at amortised cost

The reporting unit measures financial assets at amortised cost if both of the following conditions are met:

- The financial asset is held within a business model with the objective to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows and
- The contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding

Financial assets at amortised cost are subsequently measured using the effective interest (EIR) method and are subject to impairment. Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the asset is derecognised, modified or impaired.

The Branch's financial assets at amortised cost includes trade receivables and loans to related parties.

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (including designated)

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss include financial assets held for trading, financial assets designated upon initial recognition at fair value through profit or loss, or financial assets mandatorily required to be measured at fair value. Financial assets are classified as held for trading if they are acquired for the purpose of selling or repurchasing in the near term. Derivatives, including separated embedded derivatives, are also classified as held for trading unless they are designated as effective hedging instruments. Financial assets with cash flows that are not solely payments of principal and interest are classified and measured at fair value through profit or loss, irrespective of the business model. Notwithstanding the criteria for debt instruments to be classified at amortised cost or at fair value through OCI, as described above, debt instruments may be designated at fair value through profit or loss on initial recognition if doing so eliminates, or significantly reduces, an accounting mismatch.

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are carried in the statement of financial position at fair value with net changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss.

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

#### Note 1 Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

#### 1.10 Financial assets (Continued)

#### Derecognition

A financial asset is derecognised when:

- · The rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired or
- The Branch has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset or has assumed an
  obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a
  'pass-through' arrangement; and either:
  - a) The Branch has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or
  - b) the Branch has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

When the Branch has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from an asset or has entered into a pass-through arrangement, it evaluates if, and to what extent, it has retained the risks and rewards of ownership.

When it has neither transferred nor retained substantially all of the risks and rewards of the asset, nor transferred control of the asset, the Branch continues to recognise the transferred asset to the extent of its continuing involvement together with associated liability.

#### Offsetting

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the statement of financial position if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

#### **Impairment**

#### Expected credit losses

Receivables for goods and services, which have 30-day terms, are recognised at the nominal amounts due less any loss allowance due to expected credit losses at each reporting date. A provision matrix that is based on historical credit loss experience, adjusted for forward-looking factors specific to the debtors and the economic environment has been established.

#### (i) Trade receivables

For trade receivables that do not have a significant financing component, the Branch applies a simplified approach in calculating expected credit losses (ECLs) which requires lifetime expected credit losses to be recognised from initial recognition of the receivables.

Therefore, the Branch does not track changes in credit risk, but instead recognises a loss allowance based on lifetime ECLs at each reporting date. The Branch has established a provision matrix that is based on its historical credit loss experience, adjusted for forward-looking factors specific to the debtors and the economic environment.

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

#### Note 1 Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

#### 1.10 Financial assets (continued)

#### (ii) Debt instruments other than trade receivables

For all debt instruments other than trade receivables and debt instruments not held at fair value through profit or loss, the Branch recognises an allowance for expected credit losses using the general approach. ECLs are based on the difference between the contractual cash flows due in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Branch expects to receive, discounted at an approximation of the original effective interest rate.

ECLs are recognised in two stages:

- Where there has not been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, ECLs
  are provided for credit losses from possible default events within the next 12-months (a 12month ECL).
- Where there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, a loss allowance is required for credit losses expected over the remaining life of the debt, irrespective of the timing of the default (a lifetime ECL).

The Branch considers a financial asset in default when contractual payments are 60 days past due. However, in certain cases, the Branch may also consider a financial asset to be in default when internal or external information indicates that the Branch is unlikely to receive the outstanding contractual amounts in full. A financial asset is written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovering the contractual cash flows.

#### 1.11 Financial Liabilities

#### Initial recognition and measurement

Financial liabilities are classified, at initial recognition, at amortised cost unless or at fair value through profit or loss. All financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value and, in the case of financial liabilities at amortised cost, net of directly attributable transaction costs.

The Branch's financial liabilities include trade and other payables.

#### Subsequent Measurement

#### Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss (including designated)

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss include financial liabilities held for trading and financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition as at fair value through profit or loss.

Gains or losses on liabilities held for trading are recognised in profit or loss.

Financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition at fair value through profit or loss are designated at the initial date of recognition, and only if the criteria in AASB 9 are satisfied.

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

#### Note 1 Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

#### 1.11 Financial liabilities (continued)

#### Financial liabilities at amortised cost

After initial recognition, trade payables and interest-bearing loans and borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the EIR method. Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognised as well as through the EIR amortisation process.

Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortisation is included as finance costs in profit or loss.

#### Derecognition

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognised in profit or loss.

#### 1.12 Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets

Contingent liabilities and contingent assets are not recognised in the Statement of Financial Position but are reported in the relevant notes. They may arise from uncertainty as to the existence of a liability or asset or represent an existing liability or asset in respect of which the amount cannot be reliably measured. Contingent assets are disclosed when settlement is probable but not virtually certain, and contingent liabilities are disclosed when settlement is greater than remote.

#### 1.13 Liabilities relating to contracts with customers

#### Contract liabilities

A contract liability is recognised if a payment is received or a payment is due (whichever is earlier) from a customer before the Branch transfers the related goods or services. Contract liabilities include deferred income. Contract liabilities are recognised as revenue when the Branch performs under the contract (i.e., transfers control of the related goods or services to the customer).

#### **Refund liabilities**

A refund liability is recognised for the obligation to refund some or all of the consideration received (or receivable) from a customer. The Branch refund liabilities arise from customers' right of return. The liability is measured at the amount the Branch ultimately expects it will have to return to the customer. The Branch updates its estimates of refund liabilities (and the corresponding change in the transaction price) at the end of each reporting period.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

#### Note 1 Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

#### 1.14 Plant and Equipment

#### Asset Recognition Threshold

Purchases of land, buildings, plant and equipment are recognised initially at cost in the Statement of Financial Position. The initial cost of an asset includes an estimate of the cost of dismantling and removing the item and restoring the site on which it is located.

#### Depreciation

Depreciable plant and equipment assets are written-off to their estimated residual values over their estimated useful life using, in all cases, the straight line method of depreciation. Depreciation rates (useful lives), residual values and methods are reviewed at each reporting date and necessary adjustments are recognised in the current, or current and future reporting periods, as appropriate.

Depreciation rates applying to each class of depreciable asset are based on the following useful lives:

	2021	2020
Buildings	40 years	40 years
Plant and Equipment	2 – 7 years	2 – 7 years

#### Derecognition

An item of plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognised in the profit and loss.

#### 1.15 Impairment of non-financial assets

All assets are assessed for impairment at the end of each reporting period to the extent that there is an impairment trigger. Where indications of impairment exist, the asset's recoverable amount is estimated and an impairment adjustment made if the asset's recoverable amount is less than its carrying amount.

The recoverable amount of an asset is the higher of its fair value less costs of disposal and its value in use. Value in use is the present value of the future cash flows expected to be derived from the asset. Where the future economic benefit of an asset is not primarily dependent on the asset's ability to generate future cash flows, and the asset would be replaced if the Branch were deprived of the asset, its value in use is taken to be its depreciated replacement cost.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

#### Note 1 Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

#### 1.16 Taxation

The Branch is exempt from income tax under section 50.1 of the *Income Tax Assessment Act 1997* however still has obligation for Fringe Benefits Tax (FBT) and the Goods and Services Tax (GST).

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of GST except:

- where the amount of GST incurred is not recoverable from the Australian Taxation Office; and
- for receivables and payables.

The net amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority is included as part of receivables or payables.

Cash flows are included in the statement of cash flows on a gross basis. The GST component of cash flows arising from investing and financing activities which is recoverable from, or payable to, the Australian Taxation Office is classified within operating cash flows.

#### 1.17 Fair value measurement

The Branch measures financial instruments, such as, financial asset as at fair value through the profit and loss, available for sale financial assets, and non-financial assets such as land and buildings and investment properties, at fair value at each balance sheet date. Also, fair values of financial instruments measured at amortised cost are disclosed in Note 15.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

- In the principal market for the asset or liability, or
- In the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability

The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible by the Branch. The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest.

A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

The Branch uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximising the use of relevant observable inputs and minimising the use of unobservable inputs.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

#### Note 1 Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

#### 1.17 Fair value measurement (continued)

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorised within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

- Level 1—Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
- Level 2—Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable
- Level 3—Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable

For assets and liabilities that are recognised in the financial statements on a recurring basis, the Branch determines whether transfers have occurred between Levels in the hierarchy by reassessing categorisation (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each reporting period.

External valuers are involved for valuation of significant assets, such as land and buildings and investment properties. Selection criteria include market knowledge, reputation, independence and whether professional standards are maintained. For the purpose of fair value disclosures, the Branch has determined classes of assets and liabilities on the basis of the nature, characteristics and risks of the asset or liability and the level of the fair value hierarchy.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

#### Note 2 Events after the reporting period

There were no events that occurred after 30 June 2021, and/ or prior to the signing of the financial statements, that would affect the ongoing structure and financial activities of the Branch.

2020	2021	
\$	\$	

#### Note 3 Revenue and income

#### Disaggregation of revenue from contracts with customers

A disaggregation of the Branch's revenue by type of arrangements is provided on the face of the Statement of comprehensive income. The table below also sets out a disaggregation of revenue by type of customer.

Type of customer		
Members	1,303,277	1,462,752
Total revenue from contracts with customers	1,303,277	1,462,752
Note 3A: Rental income		
Rental income – 34 Union Street, Newcastle West	32,787	24,332
Total interest	32,787	24,332
Note 3B: Interest		
Deposits	11,553	25,822
Total interest	11,553	25,822
Note 3C: Other revenue		
Sundry income	3,000	6,072
Gain on sale of property, plant and equipment		5,978
ATO Cashflow boost	37,500	62,500
Total other revenue	40,500	74,550

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

Note 4A: Employee expenses           Holders of office:           Wages and salaries         337,278         338,670           Superannuation         49,676         51,667           Leave and other entitlements         65,851         59,474           Separation and redundancies         - 75,500           Subtotal employee expenses holders of office         452,805         525,311           Employees other than office holders:         Ty9,946         250,665           Superannuation         17,255         27,316           Leave and other entitlements         34,685         45,058           Other employee expenses         4,935         -           Subtotal employee expenses employees other than office holders         236,821         323,039           Total employee expenses employees other than office holders         236,821         323,039           Note 4B: Capitation fees         84,693         89,927           Total employee expenses         84,693         89,927           Note 4C: Affiliation fees         84,693         89,927           Note 4C: Affiliation fees         84,693         89,927           Note 4C: Affiliation fees         84,693         89,927           Note AC: Affiliation fees         84,693         <			2021	2020
Note 4A: Employee expenses           Holders of office:         337,278         338,670           Wages and salaries         337,278         538,670           Superannuation         49,676         51,667           Leave and other entitlements         65,851         59,474           Separation and redundancies         -         75,500           Subtotal employee expenses holders of office         452,805         525,311           Employees other than office holders:           Wages and salaries         179,946         250,665           Superannuation         17,255         27,316           Leave and other entitlements         34,685         45,058           Other employee expenses         4,935         -           Subtotal employee expenses employees other than office holders         236,821         323,039           Total employee expenses employees other than office holders         236,821         323,039           Note 4B: Capitation fees         84,693         89,927           Total capitation fees         84,693         89,927           Note 4C: Affillation fees         44,035         44,035           Australian Labor Party (NSW Branch)         17,351         16,018           Newcastle Trades Hall Council <th></th> <th></th> <th>\$</th> <th>\$</th>			\$	\$
Holders of office:           Wages and salaries         337,278         338,670           Superannuation         49,676         51,667           Leave and other entitlements         65,851         59,474           Separation and redundancies         -         75,500           Subtotal employee expenses holders of office         452,805         525,311           Employees other than office holders:         -         7,5500           Wages and salaries         179,946         250,665           Superannuation         17,255         27,316           Leave and other entitlements         34,685         45,058           Other employee expenses         4,935         -           Subtotal employee expenses employees other than office holders         236,821         323,039           Total employee expenses employees other than office holders         236,821         323,039           Total employee expenses         689,626         848,350           Note 4B: Capitation fees         84,693         89,927           Total capitation fees         84,693         89,927           Note 4C: Affiliation fees         46,693         89,927           Note 4C: Affiliation fees         46,693         84,693         89,927           No	Note 4	Expenses		
Wages and salaries         337,278         338,670           Superannuation         49,676         51,667           Leave and other entitlements         65,851         59,474           Separation and redundancies         -         75,500           Subtotal employee expenses holders of office         452,805         525,311           Employees other than office holders:         -         75,500           Wages and salaries         179,946         250,665           Superannuation         17,255         27,316           Leave and other entitlements         34,685         45,058           Other employee expenses         4,935         -           Subtotal employee expenses employees other than office holders         236,821         323,039           Total employee expenses employees other than office holders         236,821         323,039           Total employee expenses         689,626         848,350           Note 4B: Capitation fees         84,693         89,927           Total capitation fees         84,693         89,927           Note 4C: Affiliation fees         84,693         89,927           Note 4C: Affiliation fees         84,693         89,927           Australian Labor Party (NSW Branch)         17,351         16,018	Note 4A: I	Employee expenses		
Superannuation         49,676         51,667           Leave and other entitlements         65,851         59,474           Separation and redundancies         -         75,500           Subtotal employee expenses holders of office         452,805         525,311           Employees other than office holders:         T79,946         250,665           Superannuation         17,255         27,316           Leave and other entitlements         34,685         45,058           Other employee expenses         4,935         -           Subtotal employee expenses employees other than office holders         236,821         323,039           Total employee expenses         689,626         848,350           Note 4B: Capitation fees         84,693         89,927           Total capitation fees         84,693         89,927           Note 4C: Affiliation fees         84,693         89,927           Note 4C: Affiliation fees         46,031         46,031           Australian Labor Party (NSW Branch)         17,351         16,018           Newcastle Trades Hall Council         2,734         2,691           Unions NSW         9,568         11,925           Unions Tasmania         -         2,133	Holders o	f office:		
Leave and other entitlements         65,851         59,474           Separation and redundancies         -         75,500           Subtotal employee expenses holders of office         452,805         525,311           Employees other than office holders:         345,805         525,311           Wages and salaries         179,946         250,665         50,665           Superannuation         17,255         27,316         45,058         45,058         45,058         45,058         45,058         45,058         49,355         -         50,000         50,000         4	Wages	and salaries	337,278	338,670
Separation and redundancies         -         75,500           Subtotal employee expenses holders of office         452,805         525,311           Employees other than office holders:         Wages and salaries         179,946         250,665           Superannuation         17,255         27,316           Leave and other entitlements         34,685         45,058           Other employee expenses         4,935         -           Subtotal employee expenses employees other than office holders         236,821         323,039           Total employee expenses         689,626         848,350           Note 4B: Capitation fees         84,693         89,927           Total capitation fees         84,693         89,927           Total capitation fees         84,693         89,927           Note 4C: Affiliation fees         84,693         89,927           Note 4C: Affiliation fees         84,693         89,927           Note automatical problems in the problems of the problem	Supera	ınnuation	49,676	51,667
Subtotal employee expenses holders of office         452,805         525,311           Employees other than office holders:	Leave	and other entitlements	65,851	59,474
Employees other than office holders:         Wages and salaries       179,946       250,665         Superannuation       17,255       27,316         Leave and other entitlements       34,685       45,058         Other employee expenses       4,935       -         Subtotal employee expenses employees other than office holders       236,821       323,039         Total employee expenses       689,626       848,350         Note 4B: Capitation fees       84,693       89,927         Total capitation fees       84,693       89,927         Note 4C: Affiliation fees       84,693       89,927         Note 4C: Affiliation fees       4,935       17,351       16,018         Newcastle Trades Hall Council       2,734       2,691         Unions NSW       9,568       11,925         Unions Tasmania       -       2,133	Separa	ition and redundancies	-	75,500
Wages and salaries       179,946       250,665         Superannuation       17,255       27,316         Leave and other entitlements       34,685       45,058         Other employee expenses       4,935       -         Subtotal employee expenses employees other than office holders       236,821       323,039         Total employee expenses       689,626       848,350         Note 4B: Capitation fees       84,693       89,927         Total capitation fees       84,693       89,927         Note 4C: Affiliation fees       84,693       89,927         Note 4C: Affiliation fees       40,018       40,018         Australian Labor Party (NSW Branch)       17,351       16,018         Newcastle Trades Hall Council       2,734       2,691         Unions NSW       9,568       11,925         Unions Tasmania       -       2,133	Subtotal	employee expenses holders of office	452,805	525,311
Superannuation         17,255         27,316           Leave and other entitlements         34,685         45,058           Other employee expenses         4,935         -           Subtotal employee expenses employees other than office holders         236,821         323,039           Total employee expenses         689,626         848,350           Note 4B: Capitation fees         84,693         89,927           Total capitation fees         84,693         89,927           Note 4C: Affiliation fees         84,693         89,927           Note 4C: Affiliation fees         17,351         16,018           Newcastle Trades Hall Council         2,734         2,691           Unions NSW         9,568         11,925           Unions Tasmania         -         2,133	Employee	es other than office holders:		
Leave and other entitlements         34,685         45,058           Other employee expenses         4,935         -           Subtotal employee expenses employees other than office holders         236,821         323,039           Total employee expenses         689,626         848,350           Note 4B: Capitation fees         84,693         89,927           Australasian Meat Industry Employees Union – Federal Council at a square properties of the	Wages	and salaries	179,946	250,665
Other employee expenses4,935-Subtotal employee expenses employees other than office holders236,821323,039Total employee expenses689,626848,350Note 4B: Capitation fees389,927Australasian Meat Industry Employees Union – Federal Council 24,69389,927Total capitation fees84,69389,927Note 4C: Affiliation fees84,69389,927Australian Labor Party (NSW Branch)17,35116,018Newcastle Trades Hall Council2,7342,691Unions NSW9,56811,925Unions Tasmania-2,133	Supera	nnuation	17,255	27,316
Subtotal employee expenses employees other than office holders236,821323,039Total employee expenses689,626848,350Note 4B: Capitation fees84,69389,927Australasian Meat Industry Employees Union – Federal Council Total capitation fees84,69389,927Note 4C: Affiliation fees84,69389,927Australian Labor Party (NSW Branch)17,35116,018Newcastle Trades Hall Council Unions NSW2,7342,691Unions Tasmania-2,133	Leave	and other entitlements	34,685	45,058
holders         236,821         323,039           Total employee expenses         689,626         848,350           Note 4B: Capitation fees         84,693         89,927           Australasian Meat Industry Employees Union – Federal Council         84,693         89,927           Total capitation fees         84,693         89,927           Note 4C: Affiliation fees         17,351         16,018           Australian Labor Party (NSW Branch)         17,351         16,018           Newcastle Trades Hall Council         2,734         2,691           Unions NSW         9,568         11,925           Unions Tasmania         -         2,133	Other o	employee expenses	4,935	-
Note 4B: Capitation fees  Australasian Meat Industry Employees Union – Federal Council  Total capitation fees  Note 4C: Affiliation fees  Australian Labor Party (NSW Branch)  Newcastle Trades Hall Council  Unions NSW  Unions Tasmania  **Equation fees**  184,693  89,927  17,351  16,018  17,351  16,018  2,734  2,691  11,925  11,925		employee expenses employees other than office	236,821	323,039
Australasian Meat Industry Employees Union – Federal Council       84,693       89,927         Total capitation fees       84,693       89,927         Note 4C: Affiliation fees       30,018       30,018         Australian Labor Party (NSW Branch)       17,351       16,018         Newcastle Trades Hall Council       2,734       2,691         Unions NSW       9,568       11,925         Unions Tasmania       -       2,133	Total emp	ployee expenses	689,626	848,350
Note 4C: Affiliation fees         84,693         89,927           Note 4C: Affiliation fees         3         4	Note 4B:	Capitation fees		
Note 4C: Affiliation fees         Australian Labor Party (NSW Branch)       17,351       16,018         Newcastle Trades Hall Council       2,734       2,691         Unions NSW       9,568       11,925         Unions Tasmania       -       2,133	Australasi	an Meat Industry Employees Union – Federal Council	84,693	89,927
Australian Labor Party (NSW Branch)       17,351       16,018         Newcastle Trades Hall Council       2,734       2,691         Unions NSW       9,568       11,925         Unions Tasmania       -       2,133	Total cap	itation fees	84,693	89,927
Newcastle Trades Hall Council       2,734       2,691         Unions NSW       9,568       11,925         Unions Tasmania       -       2,133	Note 4C:	Affiliation fees		
Unions NSW         9,568         11,925           Unions Tasmania         -         2,133	Australian	Labor Party (NSW Branch)	17,351	16,018
Unions Tasmania - 2,133	Newcastle Trades Hall Council		2,734	2,691
	Unions NSW		9,568	11,925
Total affiliation fees 29,653 32,767	Unions Tasmania			2,133
	Total affil	liation fees	29,653	32,767

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

	2021	2020
	\$	\$
Note 4D: Administration expenses		
Meetings and conference expenses	17,251	18,471
Property expenses	27,090	22,075
Office expenses	50,312	78,524
Information technology and computer expenses	30,519	36,405
Motor vehicle expenses	60,095	45,055
Travel and accommodation costs	64,135	111,064
Other administration expenses	160,595	103,089
Total administration expense	409,997	414,683
Note 4E: Grants or donations  Donations:		
Total paid that were \$1,000 or more	2,727	
Total paid that were \$1,000 or less	228	1,000
Total grants or donations	2,955	1,000
Note 4F: Depreciation		
Land and Buildings	7,128	7,029
Plant and equipment	26,065	29,615
Total depreciation	33,193	36,644
Note 4G: Legal costs		
Litigation	298	2,017
Other legal matters	-	2,250
Total legal costs	298	4,267

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

		2021	2020
		\$	\$
Note 5	Current Assets		
Note 5A: 0	Cash and Cash Equivalents		
Cash at ba	ank	557,312	432,125
Cash on h	and	142	53
Short term	deposits	1,142,914	1,131,984
Total casi	h and cash equivalents	1,700,368	1,564,162
Other rec	Trade and Other Receivables eivables:		
Accrue	d membership	66,088	73,328
Other tr	ade receivables	-	60
Total other	er receivables	66,088	73,388
Total trad	le and other receivables (net)	66,088	73,388
Note 5C:	Loans Receivable		
Loans to o	other reporting units (AMIEU – SA/ WA Branch)	15,000	15,000
•	ision for impairment	34	-
Total Loans Receivable		15,000	15,000

Details of loans to other reporting units are disclosed at Note 11 – Related Party Transactions

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

		2021	2020
Note 6	Non-current Assets	\$	\$
Note 6A:	Furniture and fittings		
	buildings:		
at fair v	/alue	1,726,479	1,500,115
accumulated depreciation		(1,286)	(9,768)
Total land	d and buildings	1,725,193	1,490,347
Reconcili	iation of Opening and Closing Balances of L	and and Buildings	
As at 1 J	-		
	ook value	1,500,115	1,486,933
	lated depreciation and impairment	(9,768)	(2,739)
h	k value 1 July	1,490,347	1,484,194
Additions			
By pur	rchase	_	13,182
By val	luation	241,974	-
Deprecia	ation expense	(7,128)	(7,029)
Disposal	ls;		
By sale	9	-	-
Net book value 30 June		1,725,193	1,490,347
Net bool	k value as of 30 June represented by:		
Gross bo	ook value	1,726,479	1,500,115
Accumul	lated depreciation and impairment	(1,286)	(9,768)
Not bool	k value 30 June	1,725,193	1,490,347

#### Valuation Details

#### 34 Union Street, Newcastle West

On 24 September 2021 (effective 30 June 2021), the land and buildings at 34 Union Street, Newcastle West was valued by Mr Stewart Bray AAPI CPV of Preston Rowe Patterson. The land and buildings valuation was based on a highest and best use, which was determined as commercial office building (the assets current use).

Fair value is the amount for which the assets could be exchanged between a knowledgeable willing buyer and a knowledgeable willing seller in an arm's length transaction as at the valuation date. Fair value is determined by direct reference to recent market transactions on arm's length terms for land and buildings comparable in size and location to those held by the Branch and to market based yields for comparable properties. Key assumptions utilised in the valuation were:

Capitalisation Rate 6.5%
 Reflective rate/ lettable m<sup>2</sup> \$315

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

	2021	2020
	\$	\$
Note 6B: Plant and equipment		
Plant and equipment:		
at cost	646,050	584,242
accumulated depreciation	(512,157)	(486,092)
Total plant and equipment	133,893	98,150
Reconciliation of Opening and Closing Balances of Plant	and Equipment	
As at 1 July		
Gross book value	584,242	589,780
Accumulated depreciation and impairment	(486,092)	(474,858)
Net book value 1 July	98,150	114,922
Additions:		
By purchase	61,808	42,320
Depreciation expense	(26,065)	(29,615)
Disposals:		
By sale		(29,477)
Net book value 30 June	133,893	98,150
Net book value as of 30 June represented by:		
Gross book value	646,050	584,242
Accumulated depreciation and impairment	(512,157)	(486,092)

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

	2021	2020
	\$	\$
Note 7 Current Liabilities		
Note 8A: Trade payables		
Trade creditors and accruals	26,128	25,500
Total trade payables	26,128	25,500
Settlement is usually made within 30 days.		
Note 7B: Other payables		
Superannuation	6,358	5,289
GST payable	8,585	-
PAYG withholding	10,480	-
Other	7,093	1,478
Total other payables	32,516	6,767
Total other payables are expected to be settled in:		
No more than 12 months	32,516	6,767
More than 12 months	-	-
Total other payables	32,516	6,767

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

	2021	2020
	\$	\$
Note 8 Provisions		
Note 8A: Employee Provisions		
Office Holders:		
Annual and vesting personal leave	75,644	53,994
Long service leave	43,629	47,010
Subtotal employee provisions—office holders	119,273	101,004
Employees other than office holders:		
Annual and vesting personal leave	28,009	17,325
Long service leave	7,519	5,706
Subtotal employee provisions—employees other than office holders	35,528	23,031
Total employee provisions	154,801	124,035
Current	154,801	124,035
Non-Current	-	_
Total employee provisions	154,801	124,035

### Note 9 Reserves

### Note 9A: Asset Revaluation Reserve

The asset revaluation reserve records revaluation of property, plant and equipment.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

Note 10   Cash Flow			2021	2020
Note 10A: Cash Flow Reconciliation Reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents as per Statement of Financial Position to Cash Flow Statement:           Cash and cash equivalents as per:           Cash flow statement         1,700,368         1,564,162           Statement of financial position         1,700,368         1,564,162           Difference         -         -           Reconciliation of surplus to net cash from operating activities:           Surplus for the year         100,378         143,818           Adjustments for non-cash items         33,193         36,644           Depreciation         -         (5,978)           Gain on sale of property, plant and equipment           Changes in assets/ liabilities           (Increase)/ decrease in net receivables         7,300         28,491           Increase/ (decrease) in employee provisions         30,766         (98,938)           Net cash provided by operating activities         198,014         71,775           Note 10B: Cash flow information           Cash outflows to other reporting units           AMIEU – Federal Council         (93,163)         (104,332)           AMIEU – Queensland Branch         (849)	Note 10	Cash Flow	\$	\$
Reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents as per Statement of Financial Position to Cash Flow Statement:           Cash and cash equivalents as per:           Cash flow statement         1,700,368         1,564,162           Statement of financial position         1,700,368         1,564,162           Difference         -         -           Reconcilitation of surplus to net cash from operating activities:           Surplus for the year         100,378         143,818           Adjustments for non-cash items         33,193         36,644           Depreciation         -         (5,978)           Gain on sale of property, plant and equipment           Changes in assets/ liabilities           (Increase)/ decrease in net receivables         7,300         28,491           Increase/ (decrease) in creditors and other payables         26,377         (32,262)           Increase/ (decrease) in employee provisions         30,766         (98,938)           Net cash provided by operating activities         198,014         71,775           Note 10B: Cash flow information           Cash outflows to other reporting units           AMIEU - Federal Council         (93,163)         (104,332)           AMIEU - Gueensland B	NOTE 10	Casii Flow		
Cash flow statement         1,700,368         1,564,162           Statement of financial position         1,700,368         1,564,162           Difference         -         -           Reconciliation of surplus to net cash from operating activities:         Surplus for the year         100,378         143,818           Adjustments for non-cash items         33,193         36,644           Depreciation         -         (5,978)           Gain on sale of property, plant and equipment         -         (5,978)           Changes in assets/ liabilities         7,300         28,491           Increase/ (decrease in net receivables         7,300         28,491           Increase/ (decrease) in creditors and other payables         26,377         (32,262)           Increase/ (decrease) in employee provisions         30,766         (98,938)           Net cash provided by operating activities         198,014         71,775           Note 10B: Cash flow information         (93,163)         (104,332)           AMIEU – Federal Council         (93,163)         (104,332)           AMIEU – Queensland Branch         (849)	Reconcilia	ation of cash and cash equivalents as per Stateme	nt of Financial	
Cash flow statement         1,700,368         1,564,162           Statement of financial position         1,700,368         1,564,162           Difference         -         -           Reconciliation of surplus to net cash from operating activities:         Surplus for the year         100,378         143,818           Adjustments for non-cash items         33,193         36,644           Depreciation         -         (5,978)           Gain on sale of property, plant and equipment         -         (5,978)           Changes in assets/ liabilities         7,300         28,491           Increase/ (decrease in net receivables         7,300         28,491           Increase/ (decrease) in creditors and other payables         26,377         (32,262)           Increase/ (decrease) in employee provisions         30,766         (98,938)           Net cash provided by operating activities         198,014         71,775           Note 10B: Cash flow information         (93,163)         (104,332)           AMIEU – Federal Council         (93,163)         (104,332)           AMIEU – Queensland Branch         (849)	Cash and	cash equivalents as per:		
Statement of financial position         1,700,368         1,564,162           Difference         -         -           Reconciliation of surplus to net cash from operating activities:         Surplus for the year         100,378         143,818           Adjustments for non-cash items         33,193         36,644           Depreciation         -         (5,978)           Gain on sale of property, plant and equipment         -         (5,978)           Changes in assets/ liabilities         7,300         28,491           Increase/ (decrease in net receivables         7,300         28,491           Increase/ (decrease) in employee provisions         30,766         (98,938)           Net cash provided by operating activities         198,014         71,775           Note 10B: Cash flow information         (93,163)         (104,332)           AMIEU – Federal Council         (93,163)         (104,332)           AMIEU – Queensland Branch         (849)			1,700,368	1.564.162
Reconciliation of surplus to net cash from operating activities:         Image: Conciliation of surplus to net cash from operating activities:           Surplus for the year         100,378         143,818           Adjustments for non-cash items         33,193         36,644           Depreciation         - (5,978)           Gain on sale of property, plant and equipment         - (5,978)           Changes in assets/ liabilities         7,300         28,491           Increase/ (decrease in net receivables         7,300         28,491           Increase/ (decrease) in ereditors and other payables         26,377         (32,262)           Increase/ (decrease) in employee provisions         30,766         (98,938)           Net cash provided by operating activities         198,014         71,775           Note 10B: Cash flow information         (93,163)         (104,332)           AMIEU – Federal Council         (93,163)         (104,332)           AMIEU – Queensland Branch         (849)	Statement	of financial position	• •	
Adjustments for non-cash items Adjustments for non-cash items Depreciation Gain on sale of property, plant and equipment  Changes in assets/ liabilities (Increase)/ decrease in net receivables Increase/ (decrease) in creditors and other payables Increase/ (decrease) in employee provisions Increase/ (decrease) in employee provisions Net cash provided by operating activities  Cash outflows to other reporting units AMIEU – Federal Council AMIEU – Queensland Branch  100,378 143,818 143,818 143,818 143,818 143,818 143,818 143,818	Difference	•	-	-
Adjustments for non-cash items  Depreciation Gain on sale of property, plant and equipment  Changes in assets/ liabilities (Increase)/ decrease in net receivables Increase/ (decrease) in creditors and other payables Increase/ (decrease) in employee provisions Increase/ (decrease) Increase/ (dec		•		
Depreciation - (5,978) Gain on sale of property, plant and equipment  Changes in assets/ liabilities (Increase)/ decrease in net receivables 7,300 28,491 Increase/ (decrease) in creditors and other payables 26,377 (32,262) Increase/ (decrease) in employee provisions 30,766 (98,938)  Net cash provided by operating activities 198,014 71,775  Note 10B: Cash flow information  Cash outflows to other reporting units  AMIEU – Federal Council (93,163) (104,332)  AMIEU – Queensland Branch - (849)	Surplus for	r the year	100,378	143,818
Gain on sale of property, plant and equipment  Changes in assets/ liabilities (Increase)/ decrease in net receivables 7,300 28,491 Increase/ (decrease) in creditors and other payables 26,377 (32,262) Increase/ (decrease) in employee provisions 30,766 (98,938)  Net cash provided by operating activities 198,014 71,775  Note 10B: Cash flow information  Cash outflows to other reporting units  AMIEU – Federal Council (93,163) (104,332)  AMIEU – Queensland Branch (849)			33,193	36,644
Changes in assets/ liabilities (Increase)/ decrease in net receivables 7,300 28,491 Increase/ (decrease) in creditors and other payables 26,377 (32,262) Increase/ (decrease) in employee provisions 30,766 (98,938) Net cash provided by operating activities 198,014 71,775  Note 10B: Cash flow information  Cash outflows to other reporting units AMIEU – Federal Council (93,163) (104,332) AMIEU – Queensland Branch (849)	•			(5,978)
(Increase)/ decrease in net receivables7,30028,491Increase/ (decrease) in creditors and other payables26,377(32,262)Increase/ (decrease) in employee provisions30,766(98,938)Net cash provided by operating activities198,01471,775Note 10B: Cash flow informationCash outflows to other reporting unitsAMIEU – Federal Council(93,163)(104,332)AMIEU – Queensland Branch- (849)	Gain on sa	ale of property, plant and equipment		
Increase/ (decrease) in creditors and other payables Increase/ (decrease) in employee provisions Net cash provided by operating activities  Note 10B: Cash flow information  Cash outflows to other reporting units  AMIEU – Federal Council AMIEU – Queensland Branch  (32,262)  (98,938)  (98,938)  (98,938)  (98,938)  (98,938)  (98,938)  (98,938)  (98,938)  (98,938)  (98,938)  (98,938)  (98,938)  (98,938)  (98,938)  (98,938)  (98,938)  (98,938)  (104,375)  (104,332)  (104,332)	Changes i	in assets/ liabilities		
Increase/ (decrease) in employee provisions  Net cash provided by operating activities  198,014  71,775  Note 10B: Cash flow information  Cash outflows to other reporting units  AMIEU – Federal Council  AMIEU – Queensland Branch  (93,163)  (104,332)  (849)	. ,		7,300	28,491
Net cash provided by operating activities  198,014 71,775  Note 10B: Cash flow information  Cash outflows to other reporting units  AMIEU – Federal Council (93,163) (104,332)  AMIEU – Queensland Branch (849)		• • •	•	• • •
Note 10B: Cash flow information  Cash outflows to other reporting units  AMIEU – Federal Council (93,163) (104,332)  AMIEU – Queensland Branch (849)	``	•		······································
Cash outflows to other reporting units  AMIEU – Federal Council (93,163) (104,332)  AMIEU – Queensland Branch - (849)	Net cash	provided by operating activities	198,014	71,775
AMIEU - Federal Council       (93,163)       (104,332)         AMIEU - Queensland Branch       - (849)	Note 10B:	Cash flow information		
AMIEU – Queensland Branch (849)	Cash outfle	ows to other reporting units		
	AMIEU – F	Federal Council	(93,163)	(104,332)
Total cash outflows (93,163) (105,181)	AMIEU – C	Queensland Branch		(849)
	Total cash	outflows	(93,163)	(105,181)

Note: Cash flow information to/ from other reporting units disclosed include 10% GST on applicable transactions.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

### Note 10C: Credit standby arrangements and loan facilities

The Branch has a credit card facility amounting to \$20,000 (2020: \$20,000). This may be terminated at any time at the option of the bank. The balance of this facility is cleared monthly and interest rates are variable.

### Note 10D: Non-cash transactions

There have been no non-cash financing or investing activities during the year (2020: Nil).

	2021	2020
	\$	\$
Note 10E: Net debt reconciliation		
Cash and cash equivalents	1,700,368	1,564,162
Borrowings – repayable within one year	-	-
Borrowings – repayable after one year		-
Net debt	1,700,368	1,564,162

# Note 10F: Reconciliation of movements of liabilities to cash flows arising from financing activities

Other Assets	Liabilities from financing activities			
Cash assets	Finance lease – due within 1 year	Finance lease – due after 1 year	Total	
1,512,434	-		-	1,512,434
51,728	-		-	51,728
1,564,162	-		-	1,564,162
136,206	-		-	136,206
1,700,368	-		•	1,700,368
	1,512,434 51,728 1,564,162	Cash assets         Finance lease – due within 1 year           1,512,434         -           51,728         -           1,564,162         -	Cash assets         Finance lease – due within 1 year         Finance lease – due after 1 year           1,512,434         -           51,728         -           1,564,162         -	Cash assets         Finance lease – due within 1 year         Finance lease – due after 1 year         Total due after 1 year           51,728         -         -           1,564,162         -         -           136,206         -         -

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

### Note 11 Contingent Liabilities, Assets and Commitments

### Note 11A: Commitments and Contingencies

### Capital commitments

At 30 June 2021 the Branch did not have any capital commitments (2020: Nil).

### Other contingent assets or liabilities (i.e. legal claims)

### Stamp Duty

The property located at 34 Union Street Newcastle West, is subject to an application by the Branch's Unit's solicitors, Carroll & O'Dea, for exemption in relation to Stamp Duty on the transfer of the property from the Australasian Meat Industry Employees Union Newcastle and Northern Branch state union (an entity registered under the *Industrial Relations Act 1996 (NSW)*) to the Branch. Based on the value of \$1,215,000 (the latest independent valuation of the land and building), the Stamp Duty applicable could be approximately \$52,315. This has not been show in the Statement of Financial Position for the Branch as at 30 June 2021.

	2021	2020
	\$	\$
Leasing Commitments		
Operating Leases (as a lessor)		
Non-cancellable operating leases contracted for but not capitalised	I in the financial statements	S.
Receivable – Minimum lease payments		
not later than 12 months	4,200	18,722
between 12 months and 5 years	-	_
greater than 5 years	-	_
Minimum lease payments	4,200	18,722

The Branch leases part of the building located at 34 Union Street, Newcastle West. The current lease is due to expire in May 2021.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

### Note 12 Related Party Disclosures

# Note 12A: Related Party Transactions for the Reporting Period Holders of office and related reporting units

The names of those persons who held office for all or part of the year are deemed to be a related party for financial reporting purposes as set out in the accompanying Committee of Management Operating Report.

For financial reporting purposes, under the Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Act 2009, the Australasian Meat Industry Employees Union is divided into the following separate reporting units (and deemed related parties):

Australasian Meat Industry Employees Union – Federal Council (AMIEU – Federal Council)

Australasian Meat Industry Employees Union – Queensland Branch (AMIEU – QLD Branch)

Australasian Meat Industry Employees Union – Newcastle & Northern Branch (AMIEU – Newcastle & Northern Branch)

Australasian Meat Industry Employees Union - New South Wales Branch (AMIEU - NSW Branch)

Australasian Meat Industry Employees Union – Victoria Branch (AMIEU – Victoria Branch)

Australasian Meat Industry Employees Union – Tasmania Branch (AMIEU – Tasmania Branch)

Australasian Meat Industry Employees Union – South and Western Australia Branch (AMIEU – SA/ WA Branch)

The following table provides the total amount of transactions that have been entered into with related parties for the relevant year.

	2021	2020
	\$	\$
Expenses paid to AMIEU – Federal Council includes the		
following:		
Capitation fees	84,693	89,927
Purchase of meatworker journals	-	3,807
Reimbursement of travel expenses	PR .	1,112
Expenses paid to AMIEU – Queensland Branch includes the		
following:		
Reimbursement of travel costs	-	772
Amounts owed by AMIEU – SA/ WA Branch include the		
following:		
Loan receivable	15,000	15,000

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

Note 12 Related Party Disclosures (Continued)

Note 12A: Related Party Transactions for the Reporting Period Holders of office and related reporting units (Continued)

During the 2017 financial year the Branch agreed to lend \$15,000 to the AMIEU- SA/ WA Branch on a non-commercial arm's length basis. Repayment terms are set out in the loan term which states repayment must be made within 4 years or as otherwise agreed. There is no interest payable or security provided on this loan.

Under Australian Accounting Standards, loans and receivables require an entity to measure interest free loans at fair value, using commercial market interest rates issued on an arm's length basis on similar loan terms in the market place. It was determined that the fair value of the loan was not materially difference from the carrying value and as a result, the Committee of Management have not fair valued this loan at reporting date.

### Terms and conditions of transactions with related parties

With the exception of the loan to the SA/ WA Branch, the sales to and purchases from related parties are made on terms equivalent to those that prevail in arm's length transactions. Outstanding balances for sales and purchases at the year-end are unsecured and interest free and settlement occurs in cash. There have been no guarantees provided or received for any related party receivables or payables. For the year ended 30 June 2021, the Branch has not recorded any impairment of receivables relating to amounts owed by related parties and declared person or body (2020: Nil). This assessment is undertaken each financial year through examining the financial position of the related party and the market in which the related party operates.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

### Note 12 Related Party Disclosures (Continued)

Key management personnel comprise those individuals who have the authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the Branch. The Branch has determined key management personnel comprise of:

- Justin Smith (Branch Secretary)
- Jason Roe (Assistant Branch Secretary)
- Patrick Elliott (COM Member + Branch Organiser)
- Darrell Shelton (COM Member + Branch Organiser)
- All remaining members of the Committee of Management.

During the year, key management personnel of the Branch were remunerated as follows:

	2021	2020
Note 12B: Key Management Personnel Remuneration for the F	\$ Reporting Period	\$
Short-term employee benefits	toporting i driva	
Salary (including annual leave taken)	337,278	338,670
Annual and personal leave accrued	55,250	49,974
Other	-	-
Total short-term employee benefits	392,528	388,644
Post-employment benefits:		
Superannuation	49,676	51,667
Total post-employment benefits	49,676	51,667
Other long-term benefits:		
Long-service leave accrued	10,601	9,500
Total other long-term benefits	10,601	9,500
Termination benefits	-	75,500
Total	452,805	525,311

No other transactions occurred during the year with elected officers, close family members or other related parties than those related to their membership or employment and on terms no more favourable than those applicable to any other member of employee.

### Note 13 Remuneration of Auditors

Value	of	the	ser	vices	provided

Financial statement audit services – current year	13,500	12,000
Financial statement audit services – prior year	20,878	-
Other services	3,000	4,000
Total remuneration of auditors	37,378	16,000

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

#### Note 14 Financial Instruments

### **Financial Risk Management Policy**

The Branch Committee of Management monitors the Branch's financial risk management policies and exposure and approves financial transactions entered into. It also reviews the effectiveness of internal controls relating to the counterparty credit risk, liquidity risk, market risk and interest rate risk. The Branch Committee of Management meets on a regular basis to review the financial exposure of the Branch.

### (a) Credit Risk

Exposure to credit risk relating to financial assets arise from the potential non-performance by counterparties of contract obligations that could lead to a financial loss of the Branch. The Branch does not have any material credit risk exposures as its major source of revenue is the receipt of membership fees.

The maximum exposures to credit risk by class of recognised financial assets at the end of the reporting period is equivalent to the carrying value and classification of those financial assets (net of provisions) as presented in the statement of financial position.

The Branch has no significant concentration of credit risk with respect to any single counterparty or group of counterparties. The class of assets described as Trade and Other Receivables is considered to be the main source of credit risk related to the Branch.

On a geographical basis, the Branch's trade and other receivables are all based in Australia.

The following table details the Branch's trade and other receivables exposed to credit risk. Amounts are considered 'past due' when the debt has not been settled, within the terms and conditions agreed between the Branch and the customer or counterparty to the transaction. Receivables that are past due are assessed for impairment by ascertaining solvency of the debtors and are provided for where there are specific circumstances indicating that the debt may not be fully repaid to the Branch.

The balance of receivables that remain within initial trade terms (as detailed in the table) are considered to be of high credit quality.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

Note 14 Financial Instruments (Continued)

Ageing of financial assets that were past due but not impaired for 2021

	Within trading terms/ 0 to 30 days	31 to 60 days	61 to 90 days	90+ days	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Trade and other receivables	66,088	-	-		66,088
Receivables from other reporting units	-	μ.	-	-	-
Total	66,088	-	P.	₩.	66,088

Ageing of financial assets that were past due but not impaired for 2020

	Within trading terms/ 0 to 30 days	31 to 60 days	61 to 90 days	90+ days	Total
Trade and other	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
receivables	73,388	-	-	-	73,388
Receivables from other reporting units		-	-	-	<b>-</b>
Total	73,388	<b>L</b>	•	_	73,388

The Branch has no significant concentrations of credit risk exposure to any single counterparty or group of counterparties.

Credit risk related to balances with banks and other financial institutions is managed by the Committee of Management in accordance with approved policy. Such policy requires that surplus funds are only invested with counterparties with a strong reputation and backed by the Commonwealth Government's bank guarantee. At 30 June 2021, all funds were held by financial institutions backed by the Commonwealth Government's bank guarantee.

### Collateral held as security

The Branch does not hold collateral with respect to its receivables at 30 June 2021 (2020: Nil).

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

### Note 14 Financial Instruments (Continued)

### (b) Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk arises from the possibility that the Branch might encounter difficulty in settling its debts or otherwise meeting its obligations in relation to financial liabilities. The Branch manages this risk through the following mechanisms:

- preparing forward looking cash flow estimates;
- maintaining a reputable credit profile;
- managing credit risk related to financial assets;
- only investing surplus cash with major financial institutions; and
- comparing the maturity profile of financial liabilities with the realisation profile of financial assets.

The tables below reflect an undiscounted contractual maturity analysis for non-derivative financial liabilities. The Branch does not hold directly any derivative financial liabilities.

Cash flows realised from financial assets reflect management's expectation as to the timing of realisation. Actual timing may therefore differ from that disclosed. The timing of cash flows presented in the table to settle financial liabilities reflects the earliest contractual settlement dates

### **Financial Instrument Composition and Maturity Analysis**

	Within 1 Year		1 to 5 Ye	1 to 5 Years		Over 5 Years		Total	
	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020	
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	
Financial liabilities due for payment									
Trade payables	(26,128)	(25,500)	-	-	-	-	(26,128)	(25,500)	
Other payables	(32,516)	(6,767)	-	-	-	-	(32,516)	(6,767)	
Total expected outflows	(58,644)	(32,267)	-		<del>*</del>	-	(58,644)	(32,267)	
•									
Financial assets – cash flow receivable									
Cash and cash equivalents	1,700,368	1,584,162	ŭ	-		-	1,700,368	1,584,162	
Trade and other receivables	66,088	73,388	=	-	-	-	66,088	73,388	
Loans receivable	15,000	15,000				-	15,000	15,000	
Total anticipated inflows	1,781,456	1,672,550	=	-	-	_	1,781,456	1,672,550	
Net inflow on financial instruments	1,722,812	1,640,233	**		p+	-	1,722,812	1,640,233	

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

### Note 14 Financial Instruments (Continued)

### (c) Market Risk

#### i. Interest rate risk

Exposure to interest rate risk arises on financial assets and financial liabilities recognised at the end of the reporting period whereby a future change in interest rates will affect future cash flows or the fair value of fixed rate financial instruments. The Branch is also exposed to earnings volatility on floating rate instruments.

Exposure to interest rate risk arises on financial assets and financial liabilities recognised at the end of the reporting period whereby a future change in interest rates will affect future cash flows or the fair value of fixed rate financial instruments. The Branch is also exposed to earnings volatility on floating rate instruments.

Interest rate risk is managed using a mix of fixed and floating financial instruments. The effective interest rate expenditure to interest rate financial instruments are as follows:

	Weighted Average Effective Interest Rate				
	2021	2020	2021	2020	
	%	%	\$	\$	
Floating rate instruments					
Cash and cash equivalents	0.39%	1.00%	1,700,368	1,584,162	

#### ii. Other price risk

Other price risk relates to the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices (other than those arising from interest rate risk or currency risk) of securities held. The Branch is not exposed to any other price risk.

### iii. Foreign exchange risk

The Branch is not exposed to direct fluctuations in foreign currencies.

### iv. Price risk

The Branch is no exposed to any material commodity price risk.

### v. Interest rate risk

The Branch has performed a sensitivity analysis relating to its exposure to interest rate risk at balance date. This sensitivity analysis demonstrates the effect on the current year results and equity which could result from a change in this risk.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

### Note 14 Financial Instruments (Continued)

### vi. Sensitivity Analysis

The following table illustrates sensitivities to the Branch's exposures to changes in interest rates and equity prices. The table indicates the impact of how profit and equity values reported at the end of the reporting period would have been affected by changes in the relevant risk variable that management considers to be reasonably possible.

These sensitivities assume that the movement in a particular variable is independent of other variables.

Year ended 30 June 2021	Profit \$	Equity \$
+2% in interest rates -2% in interest rates	34,005 (6,665)	34,005 (6,665)
Year ended 30 June 2020 +2% in interest rates -2% in interest rates	31,283 (15,571)	31,283 (15,571)

No sensitivity analysis has been performed on foreign exchange risk as the Branch has no material direct exposures to currency risk. There have been no changes in any of the assumptions used to prepare the above sensitivity analysis from the prior year.

There have been no changes in any of the assumptions used to prepare the above sensitivity analysis from the prior year.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

### Note 15 Fair Value Measurement

### Fair Values

Fair value estimation

The fair values of financial assets and liabilities are presented in the following table and can be compared to their carrying values as presented in the statement of financial position. Fair value is the amount at which an asset could be exchanged, or a liability settled, between knowledgeable, willing parties at an arm's length transaction.

Fair value may be based on information that is estimated or subject to judgment, where changes in assumptions may have a material impact on the amounts estimated. Areas of judgement and the assumptions have been detailed below. Where possible, valuation information used to calculate fair values is extracted from the market, with more reliable information available from markets that are actively traded.

In this regard, fair values for listed securities are obtained from quoted market bid prices. Where securities are unlisted and no market quotes are available, fair value is obtained using discounted cash flow analysis and other valuation techniques commonly used by market participants.

Differences between fair values and carrying amounts of financial instruments with fixed interest rates are due to the change in discount rates being applied by the market since their initial recognition by the Branch. Most of these instruments, which are carried at amortised cost (i.e. accounts receivable), are to be held until maturity and therefore the fair value figures calculated bear little relevance to the Branch.

The following table contains the carrying amounts and related fair values for the Branch's financial assets and liabilities:

		20	21	2020			
	Footnote	Carrying value	Fair value	Carrying value	Fair value		
		\$	\$	\$	\$		
Financial assets Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable and	(i) (i)	1,700,368	1,700,368	1,584,162	1,584,162		
other debtors		66,088	66,088	73,388	73,388		
Loans receivable		15,000	15,000	15,000	15,000		
Total financial assets		1,781,456	1,781,456	1,672,550	1,672,550		
Financial liabilities Accounts payable and other payables	(i)	58,644	58,644	32,267	32,267		
Total financial liabilities		58,644	58,644	32,267	32,267		
	•						

The fair values disclosed in the above table have been determined based on the following methodologies:

(i) Cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, loans receivable and other debtors and accounts payable and other payables are short-term instruments in nature whose carrying value is equivalent to fair value. Trade and other payables exclude amounts provided for annual leave, which is outside the scope of AASB 9.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

### Note 15 Fair Value Measurement (Continued)

The fair values disclosed in the above table have been determined based on the following methodologies:

(ii) Cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable and other debtors and accounts payable and other payables are short-term instruments in nature whose carrying value is equivalent to fair value. Trade and other payables exclude amounts provided for annual leave, which is outside the scope of AASB 139.

### Fair Value Hierarchy

AASB 13: Fair Value Measurement requires the disclosure of fair value information by level of the fair value hierarchy, which categories fair value measurement into one of the three possible levels based on the lowest level that an input that is significant to the measurement can be categorised into as follows:

#### Level 1

Measurements based on quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date.

#### Level 2

Measurements based on inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset of liability, either directly or indirectly.

### Level 3

Measurements based on unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

The fair values of assets and liabilities that are not traded in an active market are determined using one or more valuation techniques. These valuation techniques maximise, to the extent possible, the use of observable market date. If all significant inputs required to measure fair value are observable, the asset or liability is included in Level 2. If one or more significant inputs are not based on observable market data, the asset or liability is included in Level 3.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

### Note 15 Fair Value Measurement (Continued)

The following tables provide an analysis of financial and non-financial assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value, by fair value hierarchy.

Fair value hierarchy - 30 June 2021

	Note	Date of Valuation	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
		\$	\$	\$	\$
Assets measured at fair value Land and buildings – 34 Union Street, Newcastle West	6A	24 Sept 2021	_	1,700,000	-
Total		-	=	1,700,000	=

The Branch does not have any other assets or liabilities that are recorded using a fair value technique.

Fair value hierarchy – 30 June 2020

	Note	Date of	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
		Valuation \$	\$	\$	\$
Assets measured at fair value Land and buildings – 34 Union Street, Newcastle West	6A	9 August 2018	u	1,215,000	-
Total			-	1,215,000	-

The Branch does not have any other assets or liabilities that are recorded using a fair value technique.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

### Note 16 Section 272 Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Act 2009

In accordance with the requirements of the Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Act 2009, the attention of members is drawn to the provisions of subsections (1) to (3) of section 272, which reads as follows:

Information to be provided to members or Commission:

- (1) A member of a reporting unit, or the Commissioner, may apply to the reporting unit for specified prescribed information in relation to the reporting unit to be made available to the person making the application.
- (2) The application must be in writing and must specify the period within which, and the manner in which, the information is to be made available. The period must not be less than 14 days after the application is given to the reporting unit.
- (3) A reporting unit must comply with an application made under subsection (1).

### Note 17 Branch Details

The registered office of the Branch is:

34 Union Street NEWCASTLE WEST NSW 2302

### Note 18 Segment Information

The Branch operates solely in one reporting segment, being the provision of industrial services in the Newcastle and Northern NSW geographical area.

#### OFFICER'S DECLARATION STATEMENT

I, Justin Smith, being the Branch Secretary of the Australasian Meat Industry Employees Union – Newcastle & Northern Branch, declare that the following activities did not occur during the reporting period ending 30 June 2021:

### The reporting unit did not:

- agree to receive financial support from another reporting unit to continue as a going concern (refers to agreement regarding financial support not dollar amount)
- agree to provide financial support to another reporting unit to ensure they continue as a going concern (refers to agreement regarding financial support not dollar amount)
- acquire an asset or liability due to an amalgamation under Part 2 of Chapter 3 of the RO Act, a restructure of the branches of an organisation, a determination or revocation by the General Manager, Fair Work Commission
- receive capitation fees or any other revenue amount from another reporting unit
- receive revenue via compulsory levies
- receive donations or grants
- receive revenue from undertaking recovery of wages activity
- incur fees as consideration for employers making payroll deductions of membership subscriptions
- · pay a compulsory levies
- pay a grant that was \$1,000 or less
- pay a grant that exceeded \$1,000
- pay separation and redundancy to holders of office
- pay other employee expenses to holders of office
- pay separation and redundancy to employees (other than holders of office)
- pay to a person fees or allowances to attend conferences or meetings as a representative of the reporting unit
- Pay legal costs relating to other legal matters
- pay a penalty imposed under the RO Act or the Fair Work Act 2009
- have a payable with other reporting unit(s)
- have a payable to an employer for that employer making payroll deductions of membership subscriptions
- have a payable in respect of legal costs relating to litigation
- have a payable in respect of legal costs relating to other legal matters
- have a separation and redundancy provision in respect of holders of office
- have other employee provisions in respect of holders of office
- have a separation and redundancy provision in respect of employees (other than holders of office)
- have other employee provisions in respect of employees (other than holders of office)

### OFFICER'S DECLARATION STATEMENT (CONTINUED)

- have a fund or account for compulsory levies, voluntary contributions or required by the rules of the organisation or branch
- transfer to or withdraw from a fund (other than the general fund), account, asset or controlled entity
- · receive cash flows from another reporting units and/or controlled entity
- · have another entity administer the financial affairs of the reporting unit
- make a payment to a former related party of the reporting unit

Justin Smith

Branch Secretary

1 November 2021

Newcastle